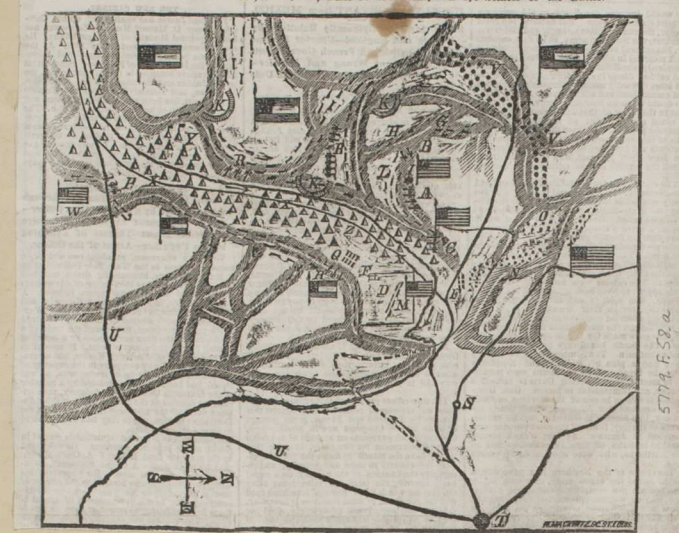


# **The Battlefield on Wilson's Creek, near Springfield, Missouri.** POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES FORCES UNDER GEN. LYON, AND THE REBEL FORCES UNDER McCULLOUGH, RAINS, PRICE, MCINTOSH, &C. FOUGHT ON THE TENTH OF AUGUST, 1861.



- EXPLANATION OF DIAGRAM.
- 1. Capt. Totten's Battery.
  - 2. Section of Capt. Totten's Battery.
  - 3. Capt. Doherty's Battery.
  - 4. Cornfield—hotly contested.
  - 5. Log house—hotly contested.
  - 6. Ambulances for sick.
  - 7. Second Missouri Volunteers.
  - 8. Second Kansas Volunteers.
  - 9. Spot where Gen. Lyon fell.
  - 10. Masked Rebel Batteries.
  - 11. First Kansas, First Missouri, First Iowa—Capt. Steele's Battalion.
  - 12. Capt. Plummer's Battalion.
  - 13. Home Guards—mounted.
  - 14. Kansas Rangers—mounted.
  - 15. Col. Sigel's position.
  - 16. Train of Rebels—part.
  - 17. Concealed Battery—Rebel.
  - 18. Town of Little York.
  - 19. Springfield.
  - 20. Fayetteville road—the road Col. Sigel advanced upon the Rebel camp.
  - 21. Rebel Cavalry—1,200 strong.
  - 22. Sigel's Brigade—Third and Fifth Missouri.
  - 23. Road through Rebel camp.
  - 24. McCulloch's headquarters.
  - 25. Rains's headquarters.
  - 26. Tents of Rebel forces.
  - 27. Wilson's Creek.
  - 28. Route Gen. Lyon took when advancing upon the Rebel camp.
  - 29. Lines of troops.
  - 30. Batteries.
  - 31. Bridges, thickly covered with undergrowth.



Some of the most romantic scenery in or about Philadelphia is to be found in the Twenty-first and Twenty-second wards along the banks of the Schuylkill river. In these wards, various camps have been established by regiments in course of formation, and this morning we present to the readers of THE INQUIRER a view of the location of some of the more prominent military headquarters.

On either side of the Depot of the Ridge Avenue Railroad, (Girard College), are the camps of Col. Wallace and Col. Ballier. They are beyond the built-up portion of Philadelphia, in the green fields, through which streets have been projected but not laid out. They are the two nearest camps to the heart of the city in this direction, and are styled Camps Ballier and Edwards, the former being within rifle shot of the depot, and the latter immediately opposite the entrance of Old Fellows' Cemetery, on Myrtleton lane. This was named in honor of the President of the Road, R. B. Edwards, Esq.

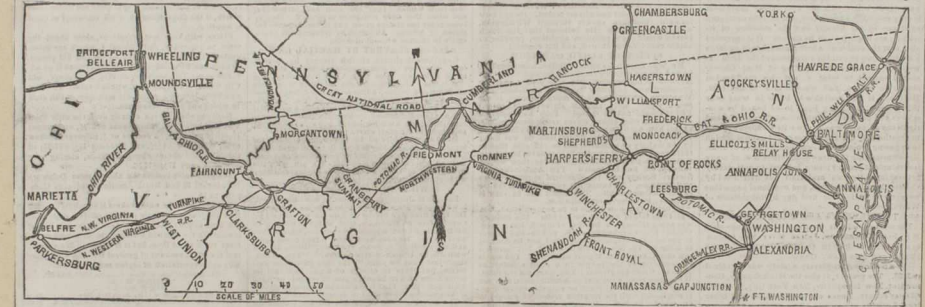
Col. McLean has chosen a more distant and more romantic location, being on the right bank of the Schuylkill river, a short distance below the mouth of the Wissahickon. The ground is admirably adapted for the purpose, being a gentle declivity. The tops are arranged with striking regularity, and the requirements of camp life are easily observed.

Col. Gregory, now forming a regiment from members of the different Home Guard organizations in the city, has engaged the ground immediately opposite the depot. He has not yet taken possession, but will do so, it is understood, at an early day.

The camp marked on the map as being on Myrtleton lane, has just been broken up, Colonel Geo. A. Kolras having left with five companies of his regiment for Washington, on the 1st of August. The ground will probably be re-occupied at once.

To the majority of our citizens, a visit to any of the above mentioned camps cannot but prove interesting. Those who desire to witness drill will have an opportunity, by attending at 6 A. M., 12 M. (every other day) and 6 P. M. The cars of the Ridge Avenue Railroad, leaving Second and Arch streets, and passing up Ninth street and Ridge Avenue, proceed directly to the camps.

## PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1861. 5779.F.58 b **MAP OF MARYLAND AND NORTHERN VIRGINIA,** Showing the Position of Romney, the Scene of the late Victory by General Kelley.



**THE TOWN OF ROMNEY—ITS LOCATION, ETC.**

In time of war, the most obscure places are incidentally brought out before the public eye, and assume importance. Such a place is Romney, the scene of the recent engagement, a diminutive country village, the like of which it would be difficult to find in any other location than Northwestern Virginia. It was captured from the Rebels by the Indiana Volunteers, under command of Colonel Lewis Wallace, on the 11th of June last, but reverted to them upon the withdrawal of General Patterson's Division from Virginia. It is situated upon the great Northwestern Virginia turnpike, running from Winchester to Parkersburg, on the Ohio river, being about forty miles west of Winchester, one hundred and ninety-five miles northwest of Richmond, and thirty miles below Cumberland, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, fifty-eight miles northwest of Manassas Junction, and about ninety miles north of west from Washington. The town was established by law in 1792, and laid out in streets and half-acre lots by its founder, Lord Fairfax. Much of the surrounding country is mountainous and unproductive.

New Creek, the point from which General Kelley's forces marched, is a small village on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, about twenty miles west from Cumberland, and about sixteen miles from Romney. It has been occupied by our troops for some weeks past, and has been strongly fortified.

## **OPERATIONS IN NORTH CAROLINA.** Map Showing the Localities Recently Visited by General Foster's Command. 5779.F.58 c



## PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1862. 5779.F.58 d P

