to their fuperintendance. And in order that these our rights, as well as the invasions of them, may be laid more fully before his majesty, to take a view of them from the origin and first settlement of these countries.

To remind him that our ancestors, before their emigration to America, were the free inhabitants of the British dominions in Europe, and possessed a right which nature has given to all men, of departing from the country in which chance, not choice, has placed them, of going in quest of new habitations, and of there establishing new focieties, under such laws and regulations as to them shall feem most likely to promote public happiness. That their Saxon ancestors had, under this universal law, in like manner left their native wilds and woods in the north of Europe. had possessed themselves of the island of Britain, then less charged with inhabitants, and had established there that fystem of laws which has so long been the glory and protection of that country. Nor was ever any claim of superiority or dependence afferted over them by that mother country from which they had migrated: and were fuch a claim made, it is believed that his majesty's subjects in Great Britain have too firm a feeling of the rights derived to them from their ancestors, to bow down the sovereignty of their state before fuch visionary pretentions. And it is thought that no circumstance has occurred to distinguish materially the British from the Saxon emigration. America was conquered, and her fettlements made, and firmly established, at the expence of individuals, and not of the British public. Their own blood was spilt in acquiring lands for their fettlement, their own fortunes expended in making that fettlement effectual; for themselves they fought, for themselves they conquered, and for themselves alone they have right to hold. No shilling was ever issued from the public treasures of his majesty, or his ancestors, for their assistance, till of very late times, after the colonies had become established on a firm and permanent footing. That then, indeed, having become valuable to Great Britain for her commercial purposes, his