kind of political idleness, which is confounded, by rigid declaimers, with the leifure attending riches acquired by induftry, which is of use to an increasing fociety, when confined within proper limits. I call those politically idle, who neither contribute to the good of fociety by their labour, nor their riches; who continually accumulate, but never spend; who are reverenced by the vulgar with stupid admiration, and regarded by the wife with disdain; who, being victims to a monastic life, and deprived of all incitement to that activity which is necessary to preserve, or increase its comforts, devote all their vigour to passions of the strongest kind, the passions of opinion. I call not him idle, who enjoys the fruits of the virtues, or vices of his ancestors, and in exchange for his pleasures, supports the industrious poor. It is not then the narrow virtue of austere moralists, but the laws, that should determine, what species of idleness deserves punishment.