CRIMES and PUNISHMENTS. 105
Elizabeth, empress of Russia, in which
she gave the fathers of their country an
example more illustrious than many conquests bought with blood; if, I say, all
this be not sufficient to persuade mankind, who always suspect the voice
of reason, and who chuse rather to be led
by authority, let us consult human nature
in proof of my affertion.

IT is not the intenseness of the pain that has the greatest effect on the mind, but its continuance; for our fensibility is more easily and more powerfully affected by weak but repeated impressions, than by a violent, but momentary, impulse. The power of habit is univerfal over every fenfible being. As it is by that we learn to speak, to walk, and to satisfy our necessities, so the ideas of morality are stamped on our minds by repeated impressions. The death of a criminal is a terrible but momentary spectacle, and therefore a less efficacious method of deterring others, than the continued example of a man deprived of his liberty, condemned, as a beaft