other hand, that the vafal should be faithful to the lord and defend him against all his enemies. This obligation on the part of the vafal was called his fidelitas or fealty; and an oath of fealty was required, by the feodal law, to be taken by all tenants to their landlord, which is couched in almost the same terms as our antient oath of allegiance a: except that in the usual oath of fealty there was frequently a faving or exception of the faith due to a fuperior lord by name, under whom the landlord himself was perhaps only a tenant or vafal. But when the acknowlegement was made to the absolute superior himself, who was vasal to no man, it was no longer called the oath of fealty, but the oath of allegiance; and therein the tenant swore to bear faith to his sovereign lord, in opposition to all men, without any faving or exception: "contra omnes homines fidelitatem fecit b." Land held by this exalted species of fealty was called feudum ligium, a liege. fee; the vafals homines ligii, or liege men; and the fovereign their dominus ligius, or liege lord. And when fovereign princes did homage to each other, for lands held under their respective sovereignties, a distinction was always made between simple homage, which was only an acknowlegement of tenure°; and liege homage, which included the fealty before-mentioned, and the fervices confequent upon it. Thus when our Edward III, in 1329, did homage to Philip VI of France, for his ducal dominions on that continent, it was warmly disputed of what species the homage was to be, whether liege or fimple homage d. But with us in England, it becoming a fettled principle of tenure, that all lands in the kingdom are holden of the king as their fovereign and lord paramount, no oath but that of fealty could ever be taken to inferior lords, and the oath of allegiance was necessarily confined to the person of the king alone. By an eafy analogy the term of allegiance was foon brought to fignify all other engagements, which are due from subjects to their prince, as well as those duties which were fimply and merely territorial. And the oath of allegiance, as ad-

<sup>2 2</sup> Feud. 5, 6, 7.

b 2 Feud. 99.

c 7 Rep. Calvin's cafe. 7.

d 2 Carte 401. Mod. Un. Hist. xxiii.420.