

## C H A P. XIX.

*The King's Debtor dying, the King shall be first paid.*

**I**F any that holdeth of Us Lay-fee do die, and our Sheriff or Bailiff do shew our Letters Patents of our Summons for Debt, which the Dead Man did owe to us: It shall be lawful to our Sheriff or Bailiff, to attach and inroll all the Goods and Chattels of the Dead, being found in the said Fee, to the value of the same Debt, by the Sight and Testimony of lawful Men; So that nothing thereof be taken away, until we be clearly paid off the Debt. (2.) And the Residue shall remain to the Executors, to perform the Testament of the Dead. (3.) And if nothing be owing to Us, all the Chattels shall go to the use of the Dead (saving to his Wife and Children the reasonable parts.)

*Notes on the Nineteenth* C H A P.

My Lord Coke tells us in *Hensloe's Case*, 9 Rep 38. that the King who is *parens patriæ*, was wont by his Officers to seise the Goods of the Intestate, to the End they might be preserved and disposed of for the Burial of the Deceased, for the Payment of his Debts, for the Advancement of his Wife and Children, if he had any; and if none, for those of his Blood.

## C H A P. XX.

*Purveyance for a Castle.*

**N**O Constable, nor his Bailiff shall take Corn or other Chattels of any Man, if the Man be not of the Town where the Castle is, but he shall forthwith pay for the same, unless that the Will of the Seller was to respite the payment. (2.) And if he be of the same Town, the Price shall be paid unto him within forty days.

C H A P.