of Treason may happen in time to come, which a Man cannot think nor declare at this present time: It is accorded, That if any other Case, supposed Treason, which is not above specified, doth happen before any Justices, the Justices shall tarry without any going to Judgment of the Treason, till the Cause be shewed and declared before the King and his Parliament, whether it ought to be judged Treason or other Felony. (13.) And if percase any Man in this Realm ride armed covertly or fecret with Men of Arms, against any other, to flay him, or rob him, or take him, or retain him, till he hath made Fine and Ransom for to have his Deliverance; it is not the mind of the King nor his Council, that in such Case it shall be judged Treason, but shall be judged Felony, or Trespals, according as the Law of the Land of old time used, and according as the Case requireth. (14.) And if in such Case, or other like, before this time any Justices have judged it Treason, and for this Cause the Lands and Tenements have come to the King's Hand as forfeit; the chief Lords of the Fee shall have the Escheats of the Tenements holden of them, whether that the fame Tenements be in the King's Hands, or in others, by Gift, or in other manner. (15.) Saving always to our Lord the King the Year and the Waste, and the Forseitures of Chattels which pertain to himin the Cases abovenamed. (16.) And that the Writs of Scire Facias be granted in such Case against the Land-Tenants, without other Original, and without allowing any Protection in the faid Suit. (17.) And that of the Lands which be in the King's Hands, Writs be granted to the Sheriffs of the Counties where the Lands be, to deliver them out of the King's Hands without delay.