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And therefore in the Year 1626, he fent Commissioners throughout England, &c. to levy Money by way of Loan, not at any certain Rate, but according to the Abilities of Men, with respect to their Estates and charge of their Family; and he turned out the Lord Chief Justice Crew, be cause he declared himself against such Loans, and would have done the same by the Lord Chief Baron Walter, if his Patent had been durante placing, however he was forbid to six any more in Court.

He raised Money by Tonnage and Toundage, and Ship-money, &c. and they who retused to lend were committed: He raised Soldiers and required the Counties to furnish the Charges of Coat and Conduct Money, and he appointed Commissioners to try, condemn and execute the Soldiers by Martial Laws in time of Peace, and many of them were quartered in private Houses, against

the Confent of the Owners.

He caused several Persons of Quality and others to be imprisoned, without shewing any cause, and for no certain time, and would not suffer them to be delivered by Habeas Gorpus; all which Grievances were redressed by him in the aforesaid Petition of

Right, and in his third Parliament.

But yet the People were discontented, complaining that Dispensations were made of several Statutes against Papists, Priests and Jesuits, and that many of them had been released and pardoned, who had been actually condemned, and that he made Magistrates of those who were popishly inclined.

But this Parliament being dissolved, that whi h was afterwards called the Long Parliament, were affembled in the Year 1640; but before they sate, he released all those who were committed for not paying Ship-money, and Tonnage and Poundage, and