under a Necessity to dispose the Militia by the Authority of both Houses, and that they had resolv-

ed to do fo.

This Petition was brought to him by the Earls of Warwick and Holland, both fworn Servants to him, and both of his Privy Council; and at the same time they brought a Declaration of both Houses ferting forth his Milgovernment, by attempting to incense the Northern Army against the Parliament, by his Proceedings against the Lord Kimbolton, and the five Members, by the suspitious Desire of a Guard about his Person, by his underhand promoting the Irish Rebellion, by ordering his Admiral Sir Fohn Pennington, to land the Lord Digby to procure foreign Forces to affift him against his Parliament; and that this is the more credible because he removed from London, with the Prince, and because many Advertisements came from Rome, and other foreign Parts, of great Aids intended for him, in order to some Design then in hand against the Protestant Religion and Parliament, concluding with their hamble Defires, that he would put away his Evil Counsellors, and trust to his Parliament; which if he would do, they would facrifice their Lives and Fortunes in his Service.

Then the aforesaid two Lords desired him to come nearer to his Parliament, but he resuled; and when they mov'd him that the Militia might be settled for a time as the Parliament had desired, he swore, No, not for an Hour, nor for a Minute, the his

Wife or Children bad desired it.

Thereupon the Parliament voted that the Kingdom should be put into a Posture of Desence, and that the Navy should be commanded by an Admiral of their own Naming, and that a Declaration should be drawn up and published of the Reatons and Grounds of their Fears.

And