

forejudged of Life or Limb, nor his Lands, Tenements, Goods nor Chattels, seized into the King's Hands, against the Form of the Great Charter, and the Law of the Land. (3.) And by another Statute made in the five and twentieth Year of the Reign of the same King Edward the Third, it is accorded, assented, and established, That none shall be taken by Petition, or Suggestion, made to the King, or to his Council, unless it be by Indictment or Presentment of good and lawful People of the same Neighbourhood, where such Deeds be done, in due manner, or by Process made by Writ Original at the Common Law; and that none be put out of his Franchise or Freehold, unless he be duly brought in to answer, and fore-judged of the same by the Course of the Law: And if any thing be done against the same, it shall be redressed, and holden for none. (4.) And by another Statute made in the eight and twentieth Year of the Reign of the same King Edward the Third, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That no Man, of what Estate or Condition soever he be, shall be put out of his Lands or Tenements, nor taken, nor imprisoned, nor disinherited, without being brought in to answer by due Process of Law. (5.) And by another Statute made in the two and fortieth Year of the Reign of the said King Edward the Third, it is enacted, That no Man be put to answer without Presentment before Justices, or matter of Record, or by due Process, and Writ Original, according to the Old Law of the Land: And if any thing be done to the contrary, it shall be void in Law, and holden for Error. (6.) And by another Statute, in the six and thirtieth Year of the Reign of the same King Edward the third, it is, among other things, enacted, That all Pleas, which shall be pleaded in any Courts, before any of the King's Justices, or in his other places, or before any of his other Ministers, or in the Courts and places or before any of his Ministers, or in the Courts and Places of any other Lords within the Realm, shall be entered and enrolled in